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Your Fumigation Management Plan is More than the "Magic Beans"





Todd Wilhelm

UPL Ltd.

Regional Manager



Your Fumigation Management Plan is More than the "Magic Beans"





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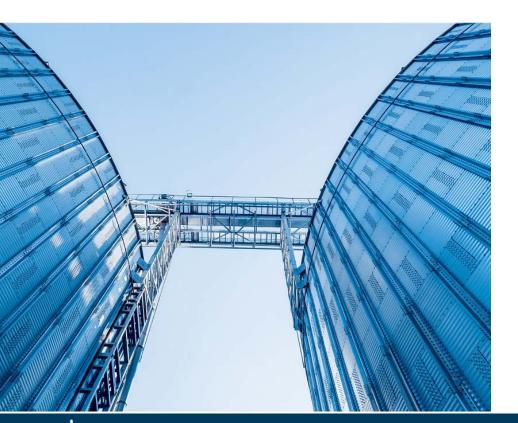
Fumigation Poll Everwhere

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COunderway

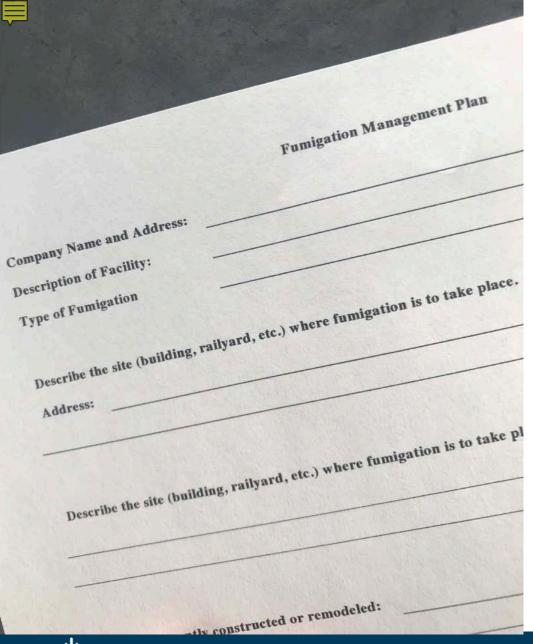
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Your Fumigation Management Plan is More than the "Magic Beans"



- What is a Fumigation Management Plan?
- What should be included?
- Facility Design, Temperature and Humidity





What is a Fumigation Management Plan?

You're telling a story of the fumigation from beginning to end.

-Todd Wilhelm

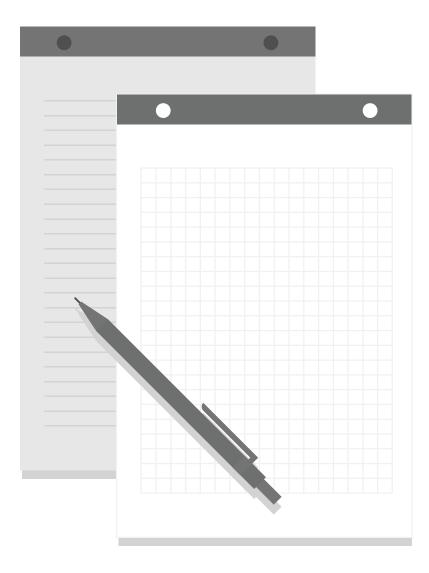


REQUIRED WRITTEN FUMIGATION MANAGEMENT PLAN

The certified applicator is responsible for working with the owners and/or responsible employees of the structure and/or area to be fumigated to develop and follow a Fumigation Management Plan (FMP). State, County, and local authorities may also have specific requirements. The FMP must be written PRIOR TO EVERY treatment including fumigation for burrowing pests. The FMP must address characterization of the site, and include appropriate monitoring and notification requirements, consistent with, but not limited to, the following:







What should be included in a Fumigation Management Plan?

- **1. Preliminary Planning and Preparation**
- 2. Personnel
- 3. Monitoring
- 4. Notification
- 5. Sealing Procedures
- 6. Application Procedures and Fumigation Period
- 7. Post Application Operations



1. Preliminary Planning and Preparation

- Why are you fumigating? Target Pests
- What are you fumigating? Commodity Type
- When are you fumigating? Timeline
- How will you do it safely and effectively?



2. Personnel

- Notify personnel "in writing" about the fumigation
- Make sure fumigation personnel are trained
- Set up emergency procedures



3. Monitoring

- Exterior Monitoring Plan
- Interior Monitoring Plan
- Document ALL Readings

If you are not monitoring, you are not fumigating.



4. Notification

- Notify local police, fire, etc.
- Have written instructions on how and when to contact authorities
- For in-transit fumigations, receivers must be notified ahead of time



5. Sealing Procedures and Preparation Procedures

- Make sure all seals are completed and that they will hold for the duration of the fumigation
- Review past FMP to look for any changes
- Ask facility personnel about any changes (such as construction, facility changes, etc.)



5. Sealing Procedures and Preparation Procedures

- Preparing the structure for fumigation:
 - Cleaning
 - Making sure no spillage of commodity
 - Augers, bins, insects are breeding outside the structure because of spillage

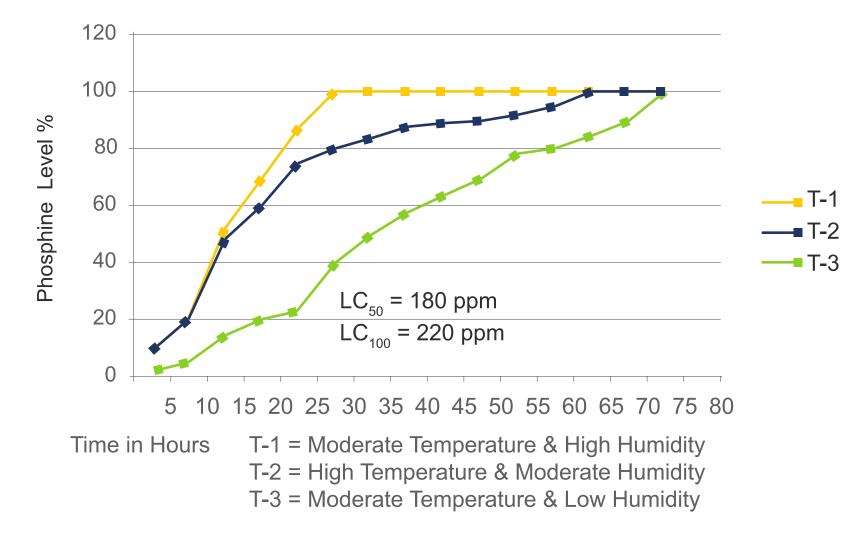


6. Application Procedures and Fumigation Period

- Use the buddy system when entering a facility (At least one must be certified)
- Have a watchperson while entering a facility
- Apply fumigant from outside whenever possible



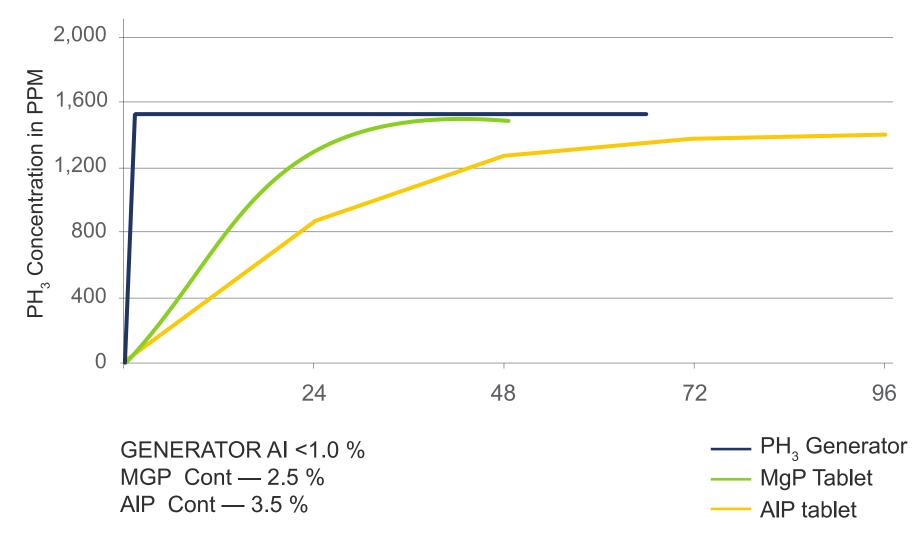
TYPICAL ALP BREAKDOWN RATE





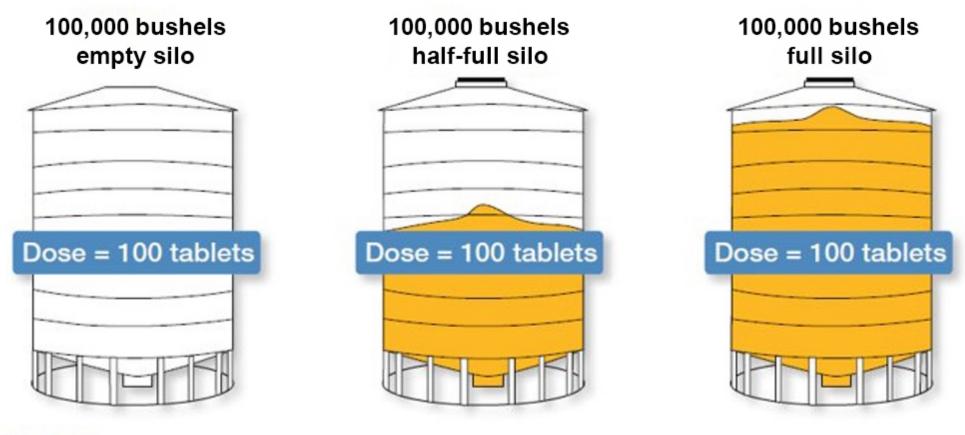


PHOSPHINE GENERATION





TREAT THE SILO VOLUME, NOT THE GRAIN

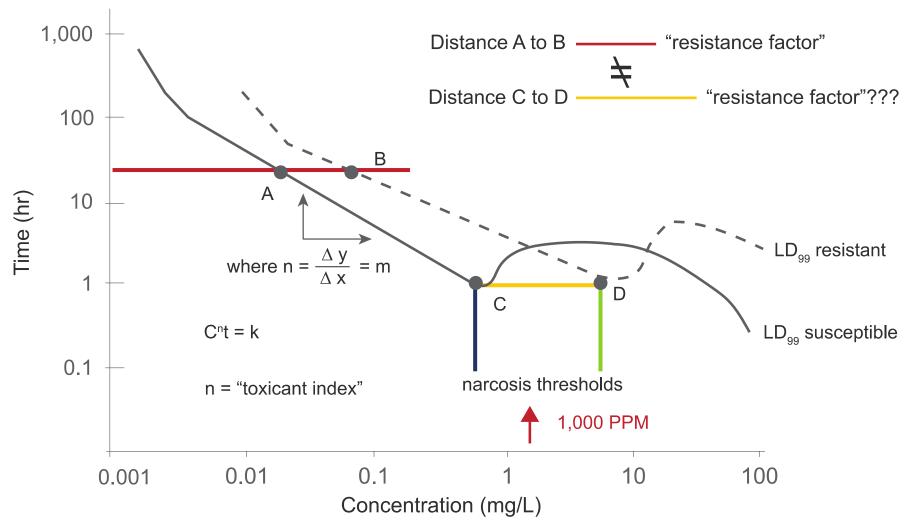


SOURCE: CBH





WINKS (CSIRO) SUMMARY CARTOON, ADULT RFB

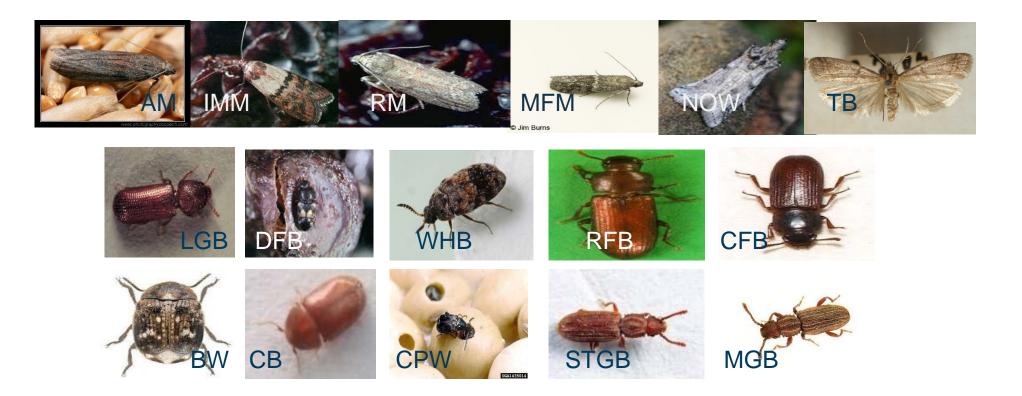


The relationship between the time required for an LD_{99} at each of a range of fixed concentrations of phosphine to which RFB adults of a resistant strain CTC_{476} and a susceptible strain CTC_4 were exposed.





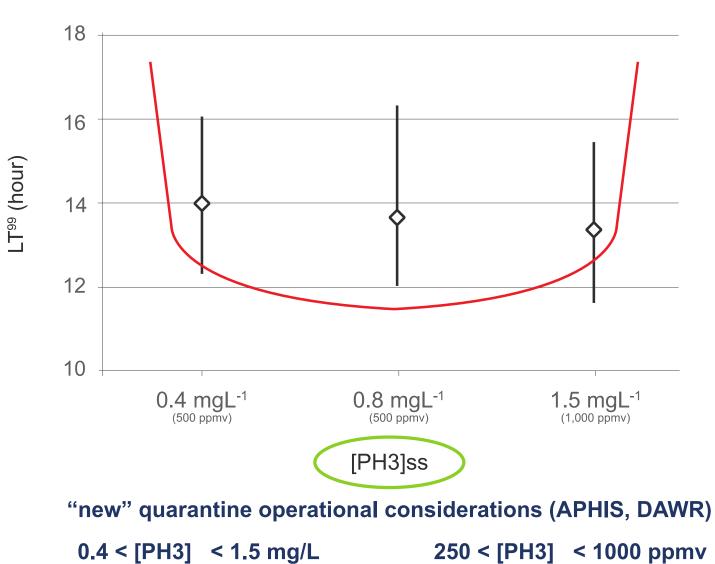
A SIMILAR APPROACH FOR STORED PRODUCTS







EFFICACY "SWEET SPOT"

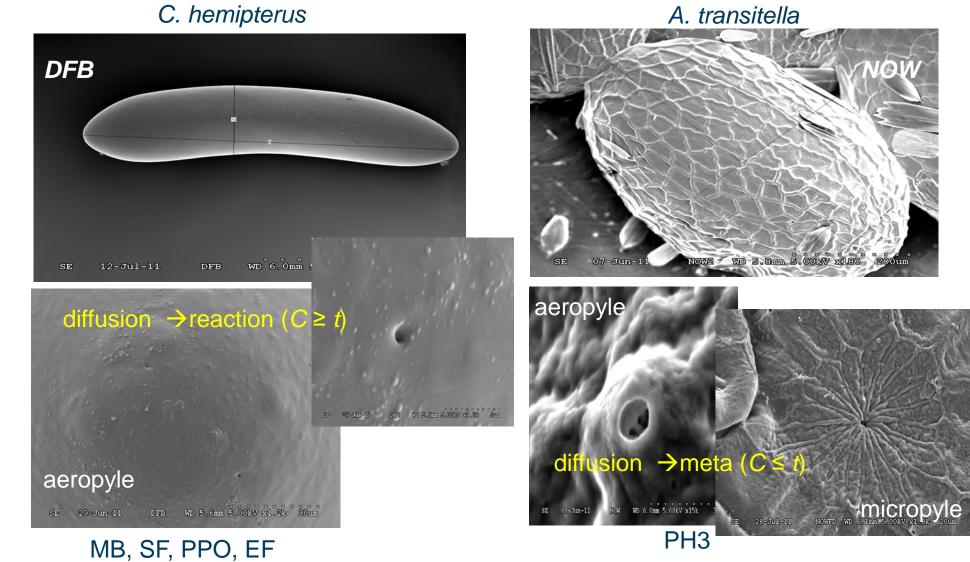








RELATIVE IMPORTANCE

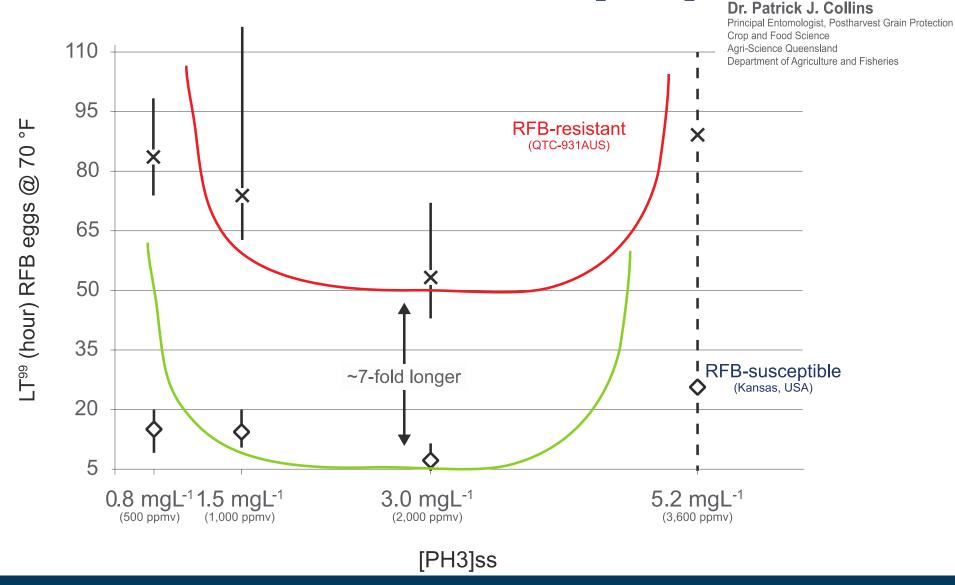






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RESISTANCE αTIME >>>[PH3]

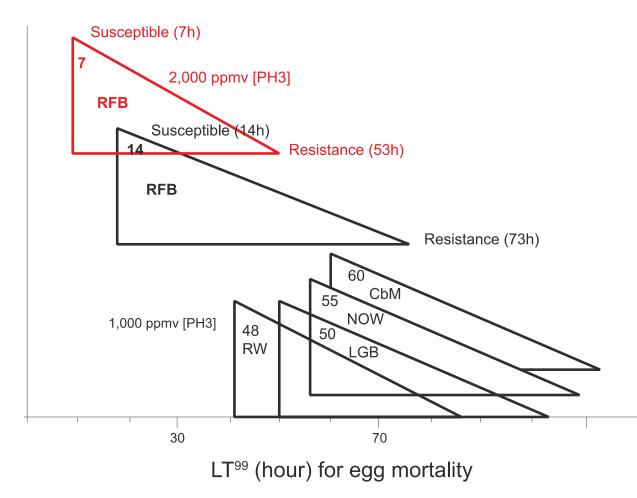






Relative Probability

PRESCRIBING A LABEL



SOLVAY asking more from chemistry*





red flour beetle carob moth navel orangeworm lesser grain borer rice weevil

Need: better fums, monitoring, data re. lower temps, more pops (define triangle)



7. Post Application Operations

- Aerate the facility. Use fans and vents where possible
- Use monitors to ensure facility is safe for re-entry
- Document readings
- Remove all placards





Facility Design, Temperature and Humidity Considerations



SUMMARY SLIDE

- Importance of planning and preparing
- Importance of sealing
- Understanding how temperature and humidity will affect outcomes
- Importance of monitoring
- Importance of correct dosage



For More Information...

Visit UPL in Booth #1218



UPL Experts On-Site

- Todd Wilhelm
- Angie Reyes
- Mark DelSantro







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