

# FIVE COMMON Bottlenecks in Grain Facilities



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*Grain Elevator and Processing Society*



# Today's takeaways

- Alleviating site traffic issues
- Hiccups in grain receiving and material handling
- Finding the balance of labor and automation
- Effective use of outside storage
- Maximizing rail receiving / loadout for shuttle trains



# Movement matters

**Bottleneck 1: Alleviating site traffic issues**

# 1. Alleviate site traffic issues

- Staging areas
- Routing
- Scale & probe locations





# Grain on the go

**Bottleneck 2:** Hiccups in receiving & material handling

## 2. Hiccups in receiving & handling

- Size of receiving pit
  - Grate
  - Hopper



## 2. Hiccups in receiving & handling

- Have someone to open truck hoppers  
(limit distractions if truckers remain in their trucks)
- Receiving equipment sized appropriately
- Consistent pits for varying commodities





# It's about balance

**Bottleneck 3:** Finding balance between automation & labor

# 3. Balance automation & labor

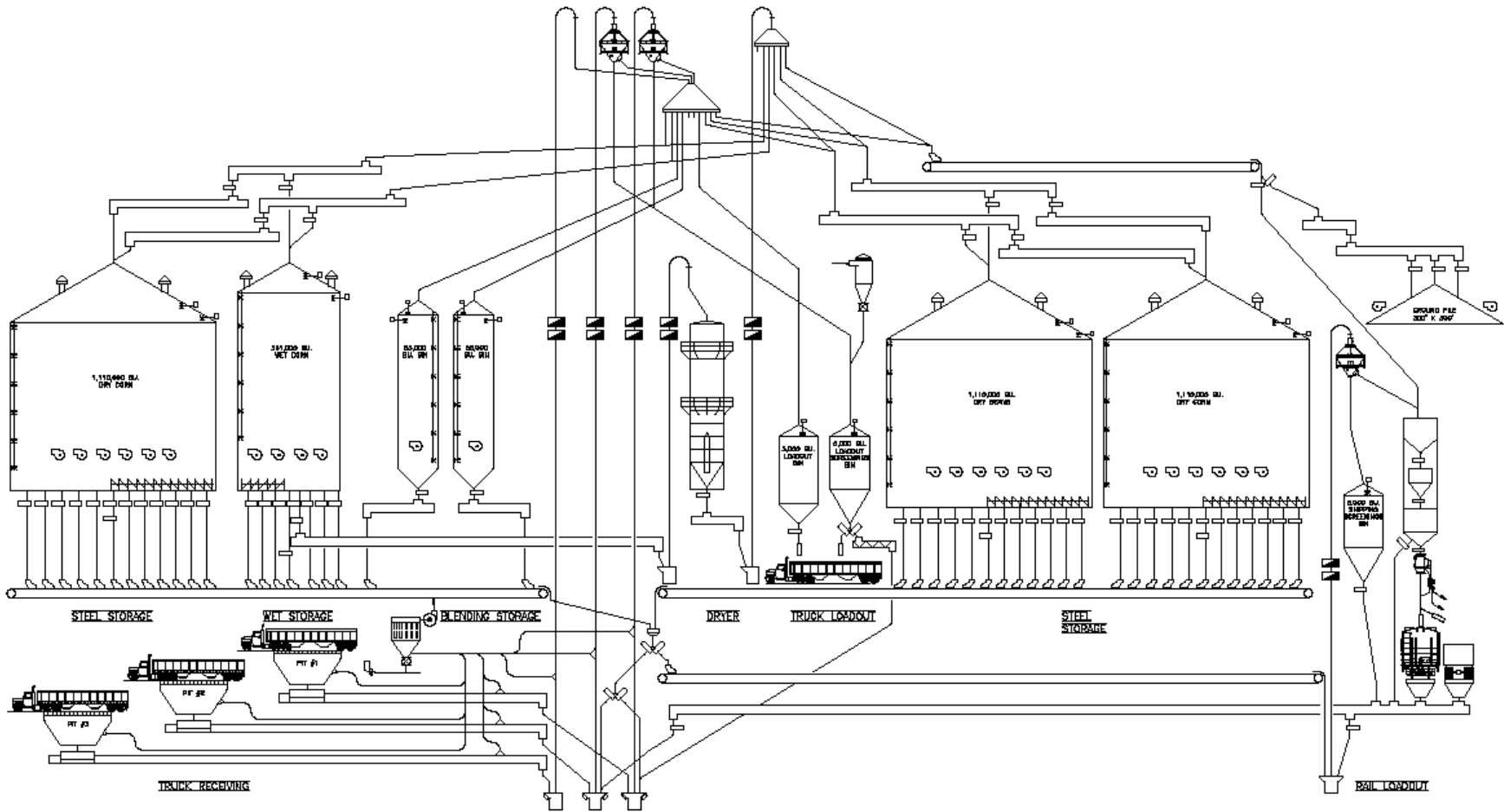
- Labor is becoming harder to find and retain
- Consider automation
  - Why is it good?
  - What degrees of automation are available?

# 3. Balance automation & labor

## Example of partial automation

- PLC
- Safety devices
- Bin inventory system
- Tied into accounting software





# 3. Balance automation & labor

## Example of full automation

- RFID system
- Limits employee numbers
- Keeps truckers in their trucks
- Helps mitigate product placement errors





# Grain stash

**Bottleneck 4:** Effective use of outside storage

# 4. Ground piles vs. Bunkers vs. Buildings





# 4. Ground pile

Labor intensive, higher product damage risk

- Dumped on prepared earth surface
- Fill with portable conveyors
- No aeration
- May or may not be tarped
- Pile reclaim equipment
- Short-term storage



# 4. Bunker

## Time consuming to tarp & reclaim

- Hard surface or prepared earth
- Fill system tied to receiving
- Aeration
- Bunker walls
- Tarping system
- Reclaim system and/or pile reclaim equipment



# 4. Flat storage building

More time consuming to reclaim vs. upright storage

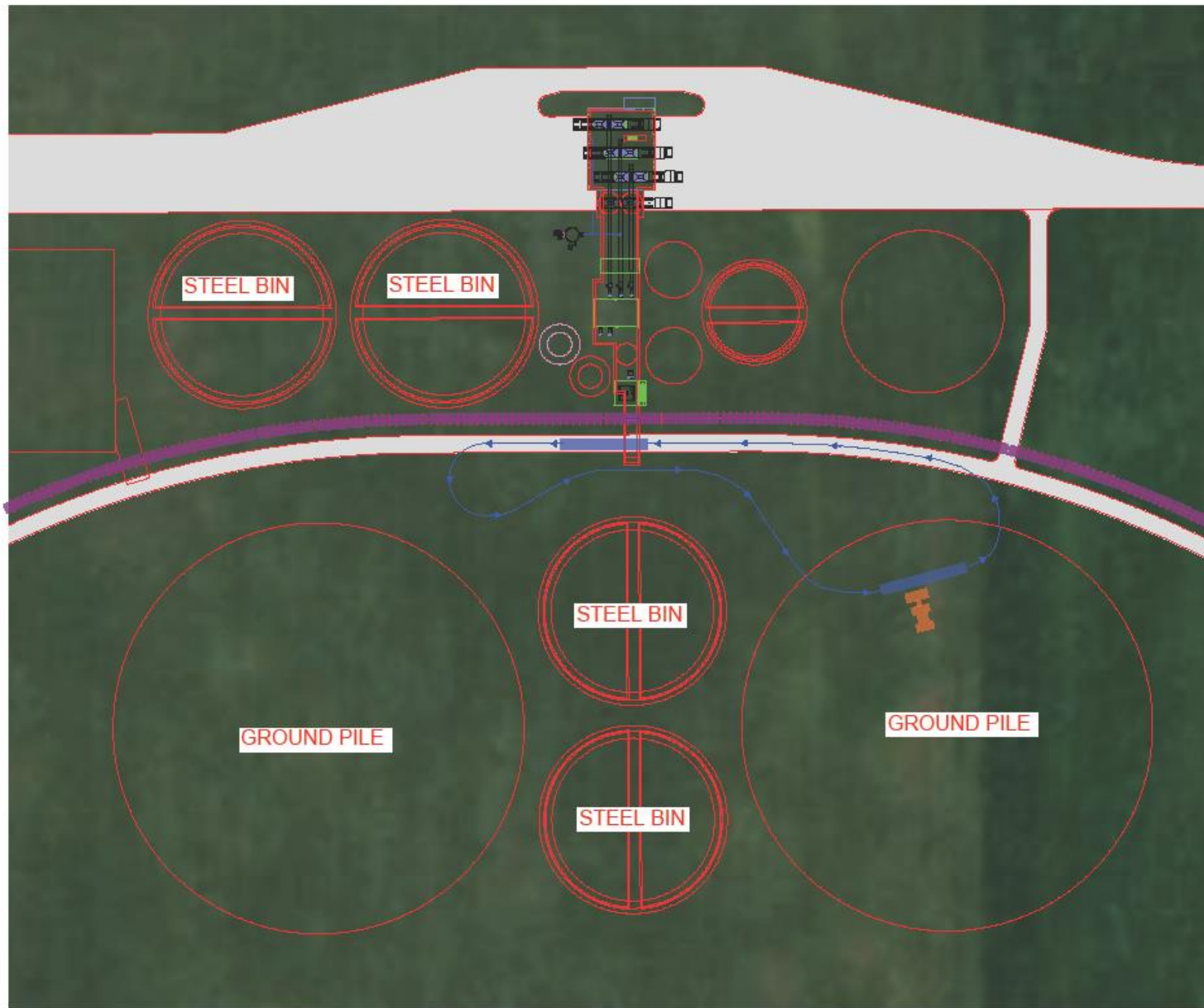
- Concrete floor
- Fill system tied to receiving
- Aeration
- Side walls
- Roof structure
- Reclaim system
- Maximize storage space



# 4. Storage reclaim

- No trucks required to reclaim
- Varying projection into storage
- Shallow trench or full tunnel





# Making rail work

**Bottleneck 5:** Maximize rail receiving / loadout for shuttle trains

# 5. Maximize rail receiving / loadout

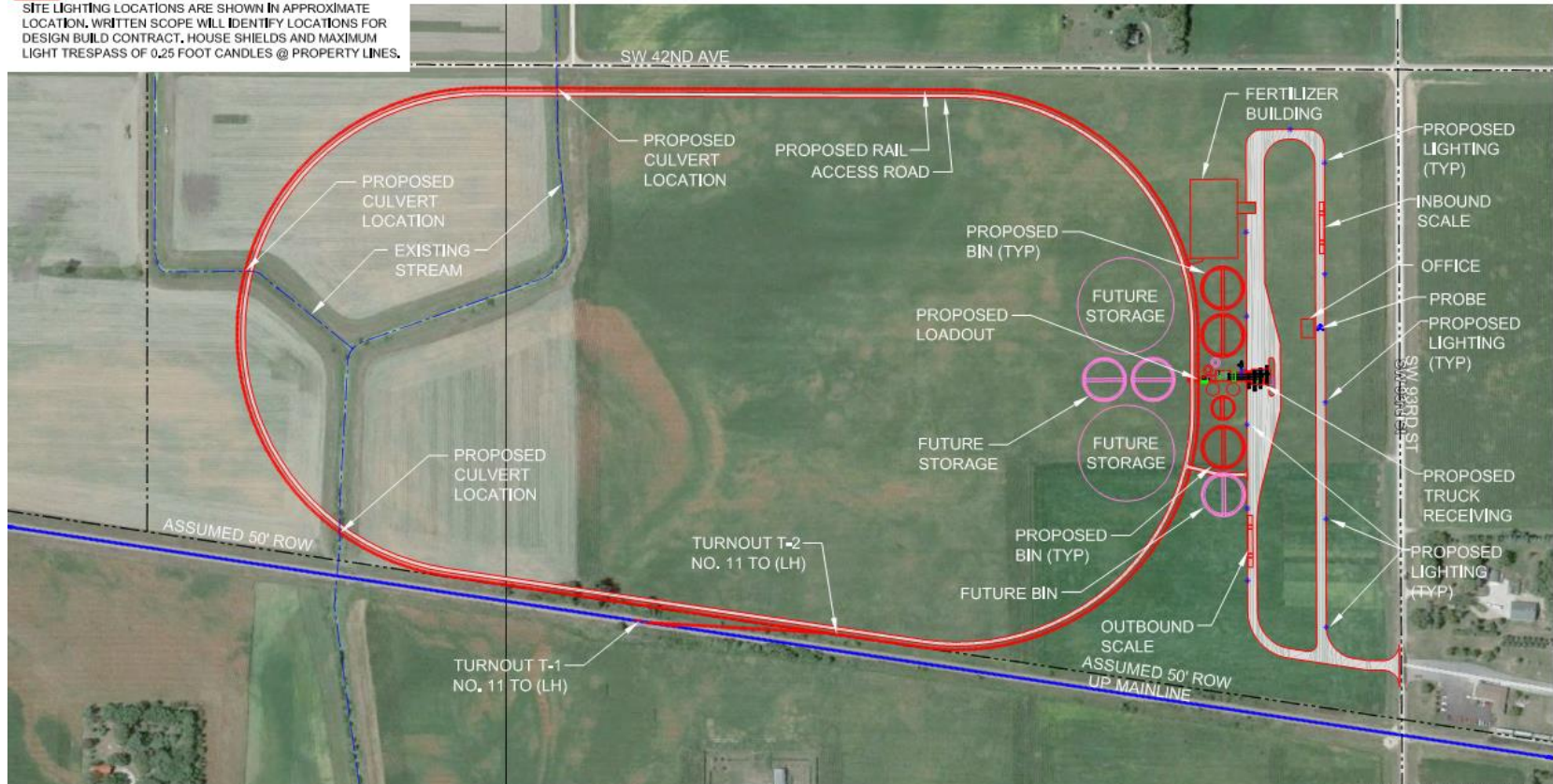
- What speed do you want to load at?
  - How many cars do you have to load?
  - How fast do you need to load the train?
  - What type of track layout is available?
- Operations
  - Track studies
  - Track layout



# 5. Master Planning

## NOTE

SITE LIGHTING LOCATIONS ARE SHOWN IN APPROXIMATE LOCATION. WRITTEN SCOPE WILL IDENTIFY LOCATIONS FOR DESIGN BUILD CONTRACT, HOUSE SHIELDS AND MAXIMUM LIGHT TRESPASS OF 0.25 FOOT CANDLES @ PROPERTY LINES.











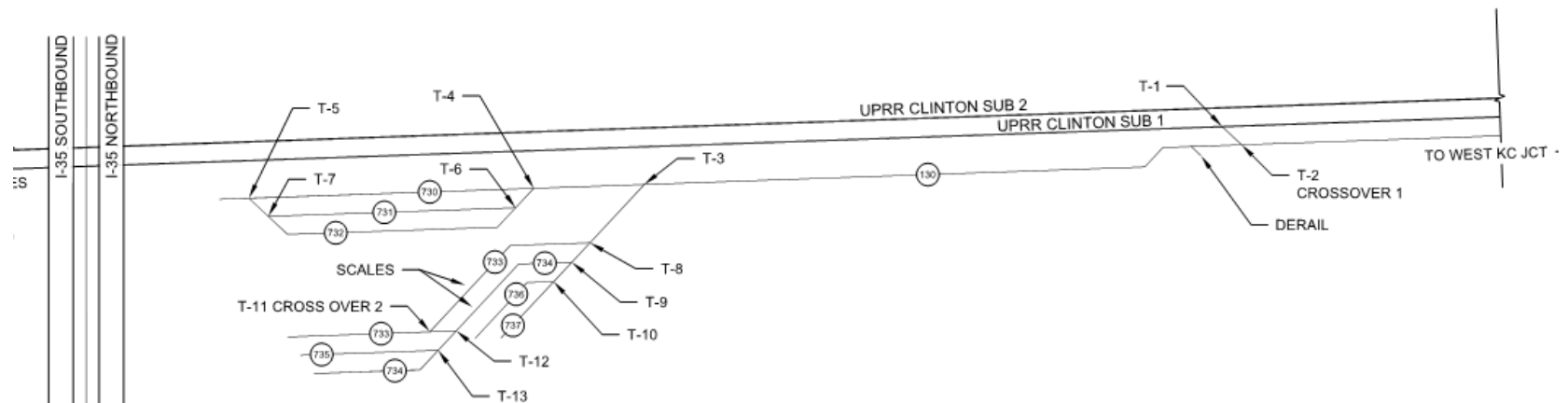
# 5. Sequence of Operations

## Existing conditions



### LEGEND

-  CP MAINLINE
-  EXISTING TRACK
-  PROPOSED TRACK
-  FULL CARS
-  EMPTY CARS
-  LOCO



# 5. Sequence of Operations

## SEQUENCE







INDUSTRY LOCO PUSHES CARS THROUGH SCALE/RECEIVING BUILDING TO SCALE EMPTY CARS

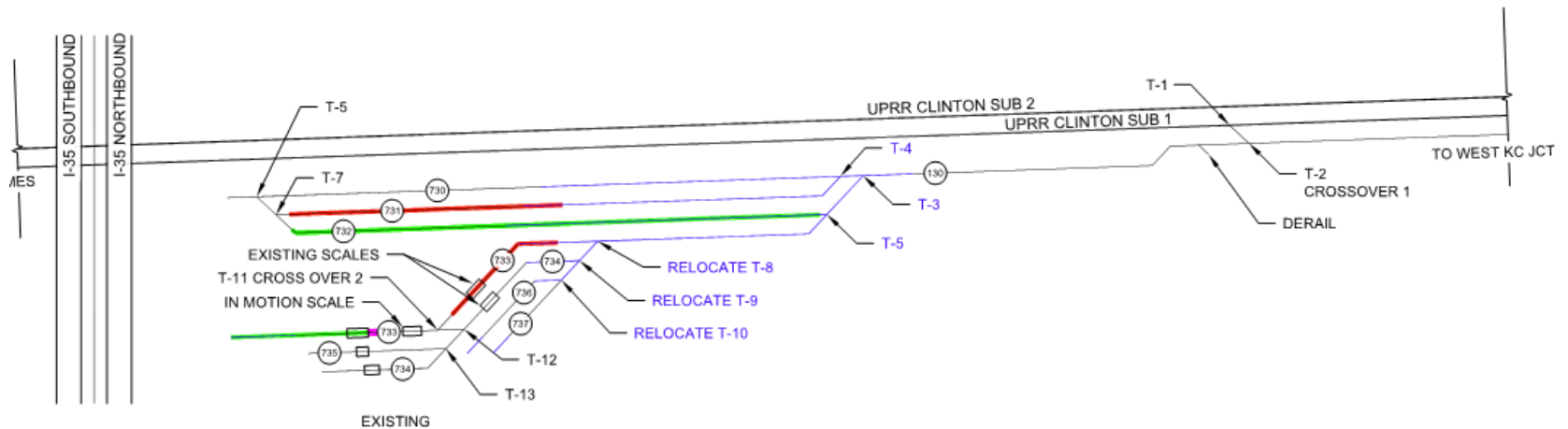


## TIMING (10 MIN)

500 METRIC TONS = 15.16 HRS  
 280 METRIC TONS = 25.61 HRS  
 250 METRIC TONS = 28.46 HRS

## LEGEND

-  CP MAINLINE
-  EXISTING TRACK
-  PROPOSED TRACK
-  FULL CARS
-  EMPTY CARS
-  LOCO



# 5. Sequence of Operations

## SEQUENCE

INDUSTRY LOCO MOVES 14 CAR STRING TO TRACK 734 CLEAR OF CROSSOVER 2

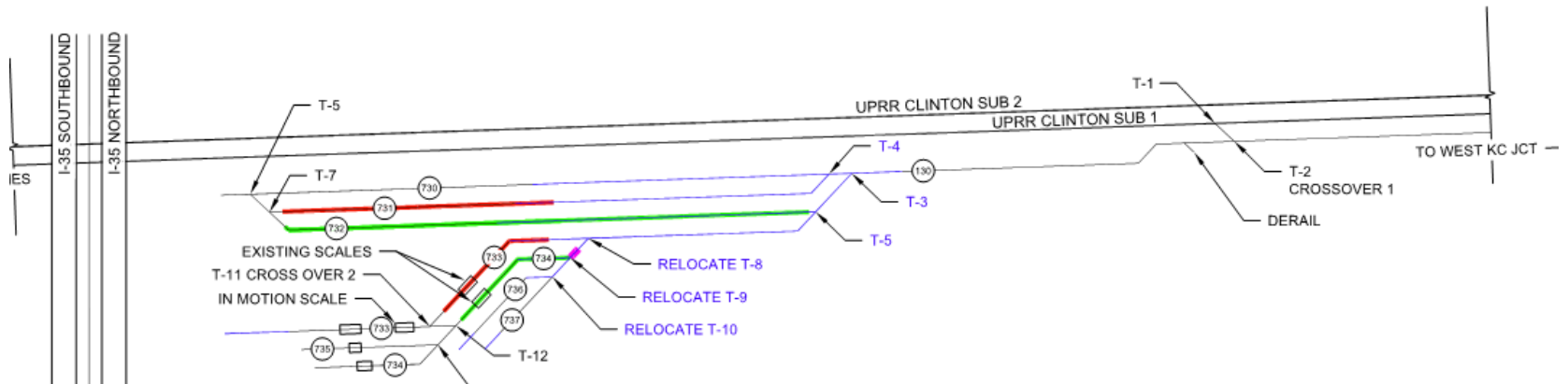


## TIMING (-)

500 METRIC TONS = 15.16 HRS  
 280 METRIC TONS = 25.61 HRS  
 250 METRIC TONS = 28.46 HRS

## LEGEND

- CP MAINLINE
- EXISTING TRACK
- PROPOSED TRACK
- FULL CARS
- EMPTY CARS
- LOCO



# 5. Sequence of Operations

## Final

### SEQUENCE

INDUSTRY LOCO TO RECEIVING SHED - READY TO DEPART

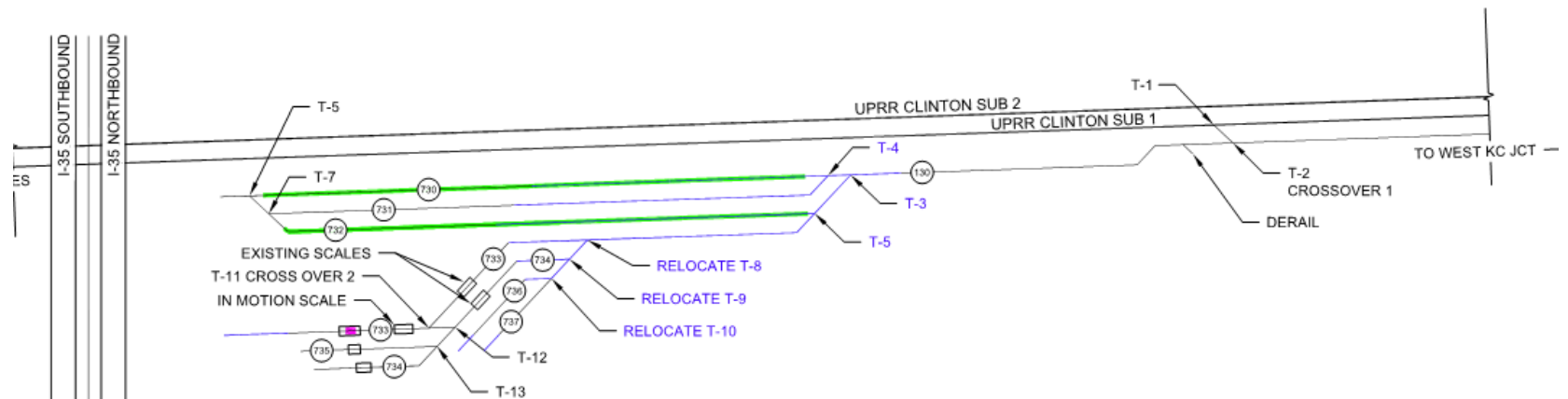


### TIMING (-)

500 METRIC TONS = 23.97 HRS  
 280 METRIC TONS = 40.88 HRS  
 250 METRIC TONS = 45.34 HRS

### LEGEND

- CP MAINLINE
- EXISTING TRACK
- PROPOSED TRACK
- FULL CARS
- EMPTY CARS
- LOCO



# 5. Maximize rail receiving / loadout

- Importance of capacity sizing
  - Adequate bin storage to hold train loads
  - Size of reclaim & blending equipment
  - Bulk scale sized with adequate upper & lower garner size to keep system from shutting down
  - Loading spout easy to run & flexible to adjust for car misalignment



# 5. Master Planning

## Site issues

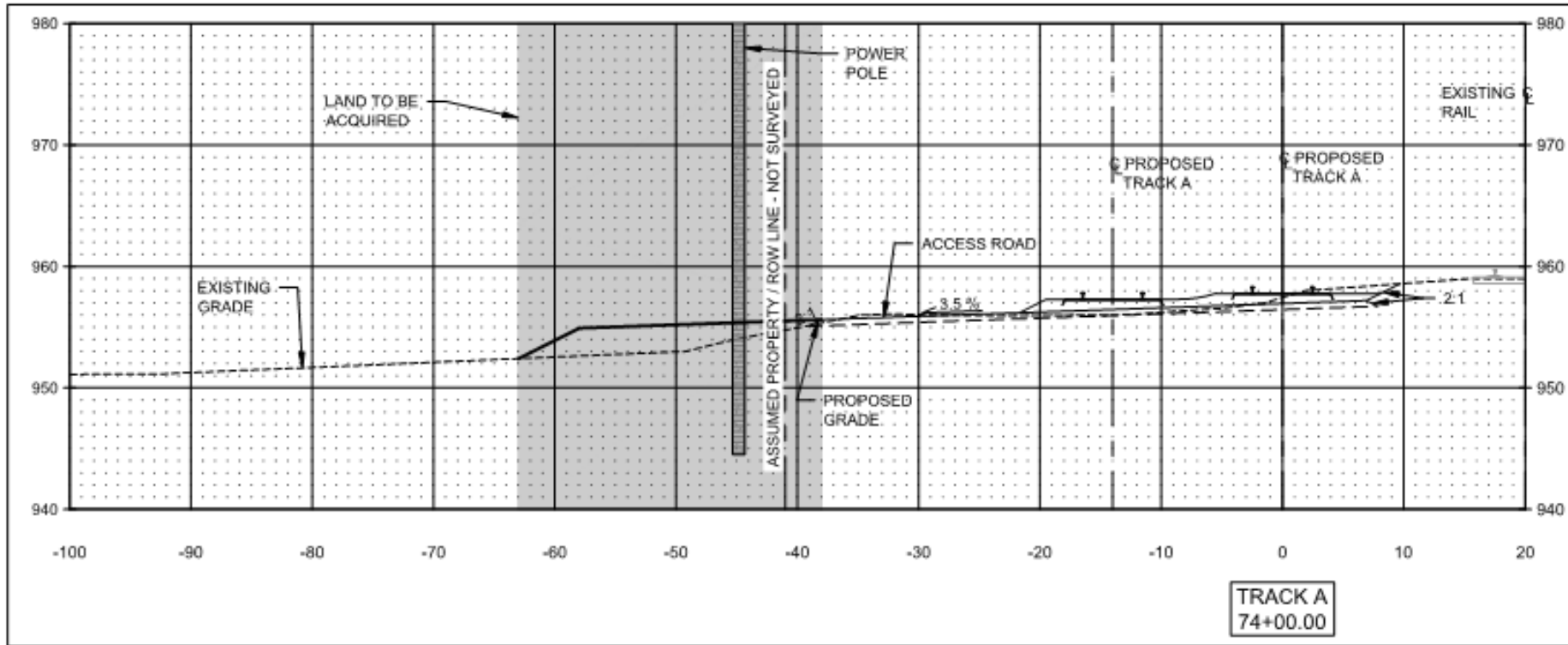


WETLAND DELINEATION EXHIBIT



# 5. Master Planning

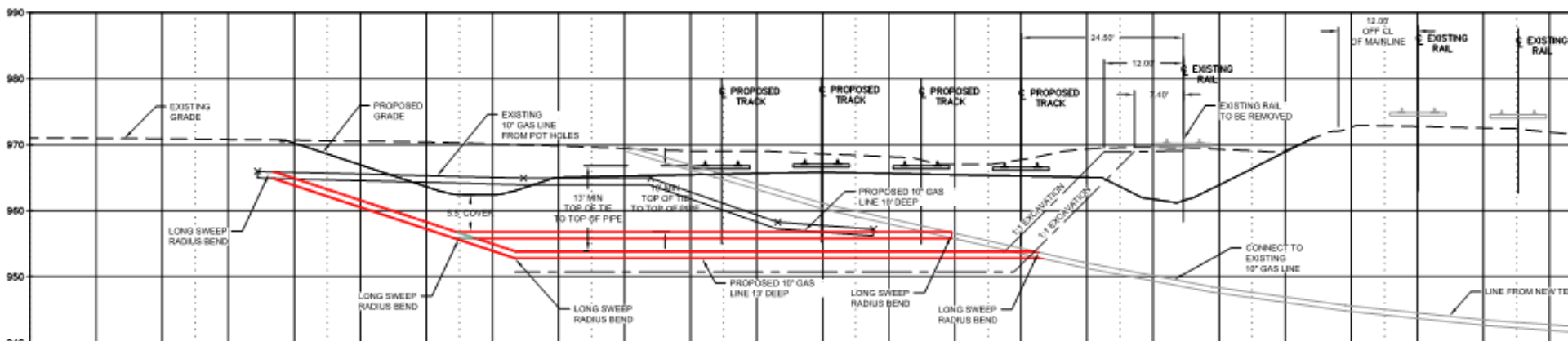
## Land purchase





# 5. Master Planning

## Existing utilities





# Questions?



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— Thanks for your time today —



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